

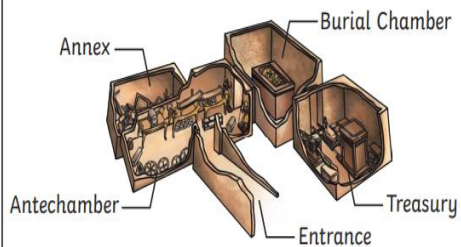


What should I already know?

How to place events in time order using a timeline.

Diagrams

Tutankhamun's Tomb



Embalming and Mummification

1. Wash the body.
2. Pull out the brain through the nostrils with a hook and fill the skull with sawdust.
3. Remove all internal organs except the heart. Put them into canopic jars.
4. Cover the body in natron salt and leave it to dry for 40 days.
5. Remove the natron salt and pack the body with straw, dried grass or linen.
6. Apply makeup and fake eyes.
7. Wrap the body in linen fabric, adding amulets and a Book of the Dead.
8. Place the mummy in a sarcophagus (decorated coffin).



Tutankhamun Facts

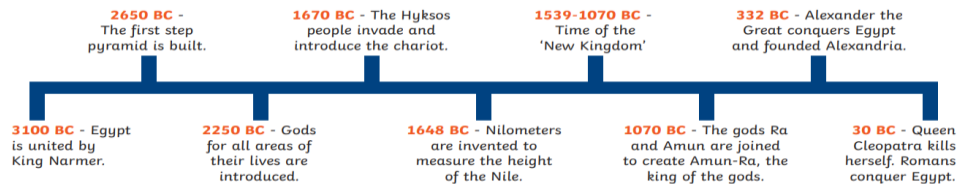
- Born: around 1341 **BC**
- Died: around 1323 **BC**
- **Pharaoh** from approx. 1333 **BC** to 1323 **BC**
- Known as the 'boy king' as he became **pharaoh** aged only 9
- Tomb discovered by Howard Carter and his team in the Valley of the Kings in 1922
- Tomb contained over 3000 treasures
- Historians believe Tutankhamun died suddenly as the tomb was finished hastily.

Vocabulary

pharaoh
River Nile
hieroglyphics
archaeologists
pyramids
tomb
Tutankhamun
BC (before christ)
AD (anno domini)
mummy
mummification
civilisation
Osiris
Horus
Anubis
Thoth
embalming

Timeline

Ancient Egypt



Historical skills and enquiries

- Explore the difference between AD and BC.
- Place key dates relating to ancient Egypt on a timeline.
- Investigate the social structure of ancient Egyptian societies.
- Investigate the roles of the pharaohs.
- Find out about the ancient Egyptian deities.
- Discover what the pyramids were built for.
- Explore what tomb paintings can tell us about life in ancient Egypt.
